Seghill First School Complaints Procedure For Use By Parents And Members Of The Public

1 Scope

This procedure is for use for complaints against the school, a member of staff or the governing body. There are separate arrangements, laid down by law to cover the following:

- Appeals against admissions.
- Appeals against exclusions.
- Appeals about assessments and statements of special educational needs (to 2018) and against Education Health Care Plans, procedures and the content of an EHC plan.
- Complaints against the curriculum, collective worship and religious education.

For further guidance on any of the above please contact the Headteacher.

2 Roles and responsibilities

Governing body

The governing body of a maintained school must by law have a procedure to deal with all complaints relating to their school and to any community facilities or services that the school provides.

Complainant

This term refers to the person making a formal complaint.

Complaints Co-ordinator

A different person is responsible for the operation and management of each stage of the Complaints Procedure to ensure that is freshly considered by someone not previously involved in the matter. They need to deal with the complaint in a fair and consistent manner and attempt to resolve it wherever possible. Their role is to:

- establish what has happened so far and who has been involved;
- clarify the nature of the complaint and what remains unresolved;
- meet with the complainant or contact them (if unsure or further information is necessary);
- clarify what the complainant feels would put things right;
- interview those involved in the matter and/or those complained of, allowing them to be accompanied if they wish;
- conduct the interview with an open mind and be prepared to persist in the questioning;
- keep notes of the interview or arrange for an independent note taker to record minutes of the meeting.

3 Formal school-based procedure

A School Complaint Form is available from our school website or from the school office to help the complainant set out their complaint and how they would like it to be resolved.

The complainant will receive a written response from the relevant person at each stage of the Complaints Procedure setting out the decision and the reason for the decision. Complainants will be given five working days to respond in writing if they remain dissatisfied and wish to pursue the matter under the next stage of the

procedure.

Stage One (informal): Complaint Heard by Staff Member/ Headteacher/ Chair of Governors.

It is in everyone's interest that complaints are resolved at the earliest possible stage. The experience of the first contact between the complainant and the school can be crucial in determining whether the complaint will escalate. To that end, if members of staff are made aware of the procedures, they know what to do when they receive a complaint.

In the first instance the complaint should be discussed between the person making the complaint and the member of staff involved. If a complainant indicates that he/she would have difficulty discussing a complaint with that particular member of staff he/she should be referred to another staff member. Where the complaint concerns the headteacher, or a governor, the complainant should be referred to the chair of governors.

Similarly, if a member of staff/headteacher/chair of governors feels too compromised to deal with a complaint it should be referred to another member of staff or another governor. The ability to consider the complaint objectively and impartially is crucial and it is also important to give an indication of timescale if it is found that the complaint requires further investigation.

If a complainant first approaches a governor, he/she should be referred to the appropriate person i.e. the member of staff concerned or the chair of governors. **Governors should not** act unilaterally on an individual complaint outside the formal procedure or be involved at the early stages in case they are needed to sit on a committee at a later stage of the procedure.

It is hoped the majority of complaints can be resolved at this stage and to this end it may be useful to involve the Client Relations service, within the Children's Services Directorate of the Local Authority, who are available to advise parents on the complaints process and may on occasion help to facilitate contact with the school.

Stage Two (formal): Formal Consideration of Complaint.

If the complainant is dissatisfied with the way the complaint has been handled at stage one and wishes to pursue their initial complaint, the headteacher/chair of governors may delegate the task of investigating the complaint to another staff member or another governor.

The headteacher/chair of governors may also, in exceptional circumstances commission an investigating officer report to be undertaken by an external consultant. The person making the complaint should be informed that an investigation is underway and that they will receive a response within 25 working days, or a letter explaining the reason for any subsequent delay.

Once the relevant facts have been established the headteacher/chair of governors should relay the decision, and the reason for the decision, in writing to the complainant.

Stage Three (formal): Complaint Heard by Governing Bodies Complaints Committee

If the complainant is still dissatisfied with the outcome he/she should write to the headteacher/chair of governors giving details of the complaint within ten school days of receipt of the decision letter. The chair or another nominated governor will convene a governing body complaints committee, if they consider it appropriate, after considering the report of the investigating officer.

The committee will consist of a minimum of three governors with delegated powers. The committee will be appointed by the chair of governors with the chair of the committee being appointed when they meet. The complaints committee will take a decision as to any action to be taken in response to the complaint. For example they may choose to:

- convene a hearing at which the complainant will be invited to put forward their case. This should be held within 20 working days of the decision to hold a hearing;
- dismiss the complaint in whole or in part;
- uphold the complaint in whole or in part;
- recommend changes to the school's systems or procedures to ensure that problems of a similar nature do not recur.

In reaching a decision the committee may take the advice of such bodies as they see fit, in particular the Local Authority and where appropriate the Diocesan Authority.

If it is decided that it is appropriate to hold a hearing, the clerk of the complaints committee will inform both parties in writing of the decision of the committee within five school days.

4 Further right of appeal

If, after following the school's own complaints procedure, the complainant is dissatisfied with the outcome, or if there are reasons why they cannot use that procedure - for example, they feel their complaint has not been or will not be given a fair consideration due to a conflict of interest – they can forward their complaint to the Department for Education, using the online school complaints form.

The Local Authority will make arrangements to consider complaints against collective worship and religious education, only once the school's own procedure has been exhausted.

Making a complaint to the Department should only happen once all other routes have been followed. The exception to this may be where there is a child protection concern, or where a child is missing education.

If a complaint has completed the local procedures and the complainant remains dissatisfied, they have the right to refer their complaint to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State has a duty to consider all complaints raised but will only intervene where the governing body has acted unlawfully or unreasonably and where it is expedient or practical to do so.

The School Complaints Unit (SCU) considers complaints relating to LA maintained schools in England on behalf of the Secretary of State. The SCU will look at whether the complaints policy and any other relevant statutory policies were adhered to. The SCU also looks at whether statutory policies adhere to education legislation. However, the SCU will not

normally re-investigate the substance of the complaint. This remains the responsibility of schools.

The SCU will not overturn a school's decision about a complaint except in exceptional circumstances where it is clear the school has acted unlawfully or unreasonably. If the SCU finds that the school has not handled a complaint in accordance with its procedure, we may request that the complaint is looked at again.

If legislative or policy breaches are found, the SCU will report them to the school and the complainant, and where necessary, ask for corrective action to be taken. The SCU normally also seeks written assurances as to future conduct. Failure to carry out remedial actions or provide written assurances could ultimately result in a formal Direction being issued by the Secretary of State in accordance with her powers under sections 496 and 497 of the Education Act 1996.

Schools may wish to contact the SCU for advice on whether they have acted reasonably; for example: in closing down a complaint from a serial complainant before the local procedure has been completed. However, the SCU will not be able to advise on how to resolve the complaint.

Further information can be obtained from the SCU by calling the National Helpline on 0370 000 2288 or going online at: www.education.gov.uk/help/contactus or by writing to: Department for Education School Complaints Unit 2nd Floor, Piccadilly Gate Store Street Manchester M1 2WD

More information about making a complaint can be found on the DfE website: <u>http://www.education.gov.uk/schools/leadership/schoolperformance/b00212240/making-complaint-school/how-to-complain</u>

If a complaint has been made by a number of parents and it is about whole school issues they may, at any stage of the procedure, ask the Chief Inspector of schools to investigate their complaint. The Chief Inspector may or may not require the school's complaints procedure to be exhausted before he decides whether or not to investigate.

Version control	
Policy reviewed	October 2017
Next review date	October 2019

Seghill First School Complaint Form

Please complete and return to the Headteacher at the school office. She will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken.

Your name:	
Pupil's name (if applicable):	
Your relationship to the pupil (if	
applicable):	
Address:	
Postcode:	
Day time telephone number:	
Evening telephone number:	
E mail:	
Please give details of your complaint.	

What action, if any, have you already taken to try and resolve your complaint. (Who did you speak to and what was the response)?		
What actions do you feel might resolve the p	roblem at this stage?	
Are you attaching any paparyork? If a place	ee sive detaile	
Are you attaching any paperwork? If so, please give details		
Signature:		
Signature.		
Date:		
Date.		
Official Use Only	1	
Official Use Only		
Date acknowledgement sent:		
By whom:		
Complaint referred to:		
Date:		